

FIFTY-SECOND ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE DIRECTORS

OF THE

GLASGOW ROYAL ASYLUM

For Lunatics,

SUBMITTED, IN TERMS OF THEIR CHARTER,

TO

GENERAL MEETING OF CONTRIBUTORS,

11TH JANUARY, 1866.

GLASGOW:

PRINTED BY JAMES HEDDERWICK & SON,

PRINTERS TO THE QUEEN.

1866.



FIFTY-SECOND ANNUAL MEETING.

The ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of QUALIFIED CONTRIBUTORS to the GLASGOW ROYAL ASYLUM for LUNATICS was held within the Religious Institution Rooms, on THURSDAY, 11th January, 1866.

THE HON. THE LORD PROVOST IN THE CHAIR.

The SECRETARY having read the advertisement calling the Meeting, with the Regulations bearing upon it, the PHYSICIAN-SUPERINTENDENT, on behalf of the Directors of last year, produced and read a Report of their procedure, and of the general state and management of the Institution during that period.

The LORD PROVOST said he thought the statements in the Report might be received as very satisfactory. The amount of good done to the very numerous Inmates seemed to have been fully up to the average of what they had had in previous years. The large number of nearly one-half of all those received into the Institution had been discharged cured, and a very large number relieved. At present the numbers were in excess of those remaining in the House last year. They had 5 more Patients on the 31st December, 1865, than at the same period in 1864. It was obvious, from the Report, that there was on the whole a pressure upon the House accommodation, and that parties from a distance would have in some cases to be removed, to make room for those whom they were now so far under arrangements bound to take in, belonging to the county—the Lunacy Board having abandoned their proposal for a Lunatic Asylum made some time ago. A great amount of debt still remained upon the Institution, and if this sum could be in any way modified in amount by contributions, or in any other way, it would alter the state of matters very much. It was, however, so far satisfactory to find that the balance of the debt at any rate was not accumulating; that they were not getting any worse, but rather tending to reduce the debt, though that was a very slow process. £30,000 was a large sum to look at; but he could not throw out any suggestion as to how it might be speedily reduced. His Lordship concluded by moving that the Report of the Directors should be approved of, and printed and circulated in the usual way.

WILLIAM COUPER, Esq., seconded the motion, which was agreed to.

WILLIAM EUING, Esq., moved that the cordial thanks of the meeting be given to the Directors of last year for the faithful manner in

which they had discharged their duties, and especially to the members of the Weekly Committee, for the unremitting zeal and attention with which the duties of their laborious office had been discharged.

THOMAS HILL, Esq., seconded the resolution, which was carried unanimously.

Councillor JAMES BROWN moved that the best thanks of the meeting be likewise given to Dr. MACKINTOSH and his Medical Assistants, and to the other Officials at Gartnavel, for the conscientious discharge of their duties in their respective departments. He knew this resolution would commend itself not only to all the gentlemen present, but to every one who had had occasion to witness the very efficient and excellent manner in which Dr. MACKINTOSH, and all under him, discharged the difficult and delicate duties of their position.

ALEXANDER RONALDSON, Esq., seconded the motion, which was agreed to.

The SECRETARY then read the names of the gentlemen returned as Directors by various Public Bodies. (See page 5). It was next necessary, he said, to elect eight Directors from among the Contributors. All the gentlemen who at present retired were eligible for re-election.

Voting papers having been handed round and returned, it appeared that the following gentlemen were re-elected as Directors, namely, Messrs. WILLIAM WEST WATSON, WILLIAM M'LEAN, JOHN SMITH, JOHN BROWN, Jun., GEORGE THOMSON, JOHN CAIRNS, ROBERT AITKEN, and Dr. JOHN M. PAGAN.

A vote of thanks was then, on the motion of ROBERT AITKEN, Esq., accorded to the LORD PROVOST for presiding, and the meeting separated.

LIST OF DIRECTORS, &c.

For 1866.

THE LORD PROVOST, PRESIDENT, *ex-officio*.

Mr. JAMES BROWN,	}	from Town Council.
" WILLIAM ALLAN,		
" JOHN ROXBURGH,	}	from Merchants' House.
" JAMES KING,		
" ANTHONY INGLIS,	}	from Trades' House.
" JAMES SIMPSON,		
Dr. A. D. ANDERSON,	}	from Physicians and Surgeons.
" WILLIAM LYON,		
Rev. JAMES M'GREGOR,	}	from General Session.
Mr. JAMES LMYBURN,		
Mr. WILLIAM WEST WATSON,	}	from General Body of Qualified Contributors.
" WILLIAM M'LEAN,		
" JOHN SMITH,		
" JOHN BROWN, Jun.		
" GEORGE THOMSON,		
" JOHN CAIRNS,		
" ROBERT AITKEN,		
Dr. JOHN M. PAGAN,		
The CHIEF MAGISTRATE of Paisley,	}	<i>ex-officiis</i> .
Dr. ALLEN THOMSON, Professor of Anatomy,		
" W. T. GAIRDNER, Professor of Medicine,		
" ALEXANDER MACKINTOSH, Physician to the Asylum,		

Weekly Committee.

Mr. JOHN BROWN, Jun.	Mr. G. THOMSON.	Mr. KING.
" SMITH.	" CAIRNS.	" ROXBURGH.

Visitors.

Mr. WILLIAM ALLAN.	Rev. JAMES M'GREGOR.
" JAMES BROWN.	Dr. A. D. ANDERSON.
" ANTHONY INGLIS.	" WILLIAM LYON.
" JAMES SIMPSON.	" JOHN M. PAGAN.
" JAMES LYMBURN.	" W. T. GAIRDNER.
" WILLIAM WEST WATSON.	" ALLEN THOMSON.
" ROBERT AITKEN.	

OFFICERS OF THE ASYLUM.

RESIDENT.

Physician - Superintendent.

ALEXANDER MACKINTOSH, M. D.

Medical Assistants.

JOHN HAY, M. D. AND ROBERT BLAIR, M. D.

Superintendent of Ladies and Matron.

MRS. ISABELLA STEVENSON.

Steward.

MR. JOHN CALDWELL.

Master of Works.

MR. DAVID WATSON.

Gardener and Farm-Oberseer.

MR. JAMES DUTHIE.

NON-RESIDENT.

Surgeon.

JOHN G. FLEMING, M. D.

Treasurer and Secretary.

MOSES PROVAN, C. A.

Chaplain.

REV. JOHN ROBERTSON.

Auditor.

JOHN E. WATSON, C. A.

FIFTY-SECOND ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE DIRECTORS

OF THE

Glasgow Royal Asylum for Lunatics.

THE DIRECTORS beg leave to submit to their Constituents and the Public the following Report on the state of the Institution intrusted to their care for the year ending 31st December, 1865.

The subjoined Table shows the general results as to the Patients in the Asylum during the year:—

	<i>Males.</i>		<i>Females.</i>		<i>Total.</i>
Remained on 31st December 1864,	259	...	238	...	497
Admitted since,	134	...	104	...	238
	—		—		—
Total,	393	...	342	...	735
	==		==		==
Dismissed Cured,	65	...	47	...	112
" Relieved,	45	...	35	...	80
Died,	22	...	19	...	41
	—		—		—
Total,	132	...	101	...	233
Remaining on 31st December 1865,	261	...	241	...	502
	—		—		—
Total treated in 1865,	393	...	342	...	735
	==		==		==
Average daily number,	267	..	243	...	510
	==		==		==

The number admitted, 238, is 14 more than in 1864, and includes voluntary Patients, Patients re-admitted, and those transferred from other Asylums. In consequence of the crowded state of the House, many Patients could not be received; and in order to make room for the Lanarkshire Lunatics, some of those belonging to other counties have been removed by desire of the Directors, and others are in course of being so. There has been a considerable increase in the number of private Patients admitted. Every parlour in the West House has been for a long time fully occupied—several, indeed, have been inconveniently full, and in one class, in the divisions set apart for ladies and gentlemen, there has been no room for many months. The East House is generally crowded.

As in former years, a few Patients when received were in a dying state; one succumbed on the second day after admission, and others very shortly afterwards.

The mental disorder of numbers was complicated with Paralysis, Epilepsy, and other diseases tending to shorten the duration of human life. A great majority were in feeble health, and reduced in condition. A large proportion were suicidal or homicidal, many were almost naked, and not a few of the higher as well as the lower classes required the operation of the bath, &c., before they could be permitted to enter the rooms appropriated for their use. A considerable number had marks of injury or of ligatures on their persons, more or less severe. Some of these injuries had been received during paroxysms of mental excitement, it may be unwittingly, and some from the restraint to which they had been subjected, or from their attempts at self-destruction.

The total number treated in the Asylum in the course of the year was 735, which includes the "Remained" and the "Admissions" already alluded to. The supposed curable of the 502 remaining on 31st December, 1865, is small, after deducting those Patients who have recovered, but who were not removed before the end of the year, their cure not having been confirmed, or from a disinclination on their part to leave till they had been longer in the House.

But the Directors have great pleasure in reporting that while much good has been done to those who have not been, or from the nature of their malady cannot be, cured—no less than 112 Patients have recovered during 1865, and been restored to their families and society. Many of these left the Institution overflowing with gratitude for the benefits which they had received while in it. The Directors would hope that many of the helpless class of incurables who could be easily kept elsewhere; as they require little more than kind nursing, may soon be removed, and so make room for others waiting for admission. The ages of those admitted varied from 10 to 74 years. The duration of their disorder before admission ranged from 2 days to 18 years, and in one case to 43 years. The causes were numerous, and among these Intemperance holds a high place.

Two of the Patients who died were upwards of 80 years of age. No death occurred in the month of March. The lowest number in the Asylum at any one time this year was 495, on the 4th January; and the highest 528, on the 8th April.

It is very gratifying to mention that the Asylum, notwithstanding the crowding of the East House, has

been in a most healthy state throughout the whole of the year.

The Directors will now proceed to notice other departments, and the principal alterations made in the House.

In their last Report they referred to the unsatisfactory condition of the laundry, which had given their predecessors in office much concern for a long time past. After great consideration, being apprehensive that the state of the funds would not warrant the outlay, they resolved to have it re-modelled on the most approved plan, which has now been done; and after a fair trial of it in its altered state, the change has been found to be an improvement of no ordinary kind. The laundry has been much enlarged, and is most convenient and useful, especially in its drying accommodation. A small addition, however, is still required to be made to the folding and linen room, which they hope their successors in office may be able to undertake before the end of another year. Had there been means, instead of an enormous debt at a very high rate of interest, they would have had many things done which they have been obliged to leave over; and probably would have had a new laundry, with wash-houses, and accommodation for servants and certain of the Patients, erected near to the bleaching-green, the present offices being converted afterwards into recreation or dining halls.

In the Female Division of the East House a large parlour has been provided by removing sundry partitions and servants' rooms. The former day-room was from the beginning too small; but the present one, provided a few months ago, being upwards of 45 feet long by $23\frac{1}{2}$ feet broad, and $14\frac{1}{2}$ feet high, gives superior accomoda-

tion to the Patients, and having cross lights, its ventilation is excellent. The cubic space is nearly sixteen thousand feet.

Many of the walls of both Houses have been pointed with Arden lime, new fire-places formed, tables and couches, &c., made on the premises; new boilers, bath, hydro-extractor, and steam cooking apparatus provided. There has been no change in the permanent staff of the tradesmen employed to keep up the fabric; they are, however, always assisted by invalids, who have been much benefited by working as joiners, plumbers, smiths, shoemakers, tailors, and painters. Other Patients have also been very much improved by working on the grounds, in the garden, and on the farm, where they are to be found daily working cheerfully.

The policies have been improved, 536 yards of new drains have been formed, a new carriage-road made near to the East House, while an additional bowling green has been partly finished. The garden has yielded a plentiful crop of fruit and vegetables, and the farm a full average crop. The potato crop has been remarkably good. The live stock has also done well; the pork is all sold in the city.

The attention of the Directors for 1862 having been called to the mining operations going on near to the Asylum boundary, they instructed Mr. JAMES M'CREATH, Mining Engineer, to make certain inquiries for them, which he did accordingly, and in due time reported on the matter.

The Directors for this year having had under their consideration the propriety of having the ground bored to ascertain whether there are any minerals in it, also

consulted Mr. M'CREATH, who is expected soon to send the result of his examinations to the Secretary.

The Directors, before submitting the Financial Statement for the year, which immediately follows, think it right to state that Mr. MOSES PROVAN, who has been now more than a year the Secretary and Treasurer of the Institution, has given satisfaction in the discharge of his duties.

Annexed there is given an abstract of the Treasurer's Accounts, which have been certified as correct by the Auditor:—During the year one subscription of £1:1s., and one legacy of £500, have been received. This legacy, as mentioned in last Report, was bequeathed by the late DONALD CUTHBERTSON, Esq., LL.B., the former Treasurer and Secretary of the Institution, and has become immediately available in consequence of the Misses CUTHBERTSON, his sisters, having in the most handsome manner offered to forego their life-rent of the amount, and having given instructions, moreover, that it should be paid free of legacy-duty. The thanks of the Directors are tendered to these ladies for their generosity. Agreeably to the understanding which exists with the National and Union Banks, this sum has been applied towards diminishing the debt due to them by the Asylum.

It would be gratifying to the Directors to receive such additions to their funds from subscriptions, donations, and legacies, as would enable them to increase the comforts of Patients belonging to the humbler walks of life, who are not paupers, and especially to relieve those of the higher classes who have met with reverses of fortune. Clamant cases of the latter kind are constantly occurring. For each donation or legacy of £1,000, the privilege

might be accorded of recommending a Patient who would be treated gratuitously in the West House.

The cost of re-modelling the laundry amounted to £559 13s. 2d. Notwithstanding of this, and of the increased rate of interest, as well as the dearness of provisions (which shows no signs of diminution), the Directors, by careful management, have succeeded in keeping the expenditure within the income.

The high rate of interest just referred to induced the Directors to enter into negotiations, in various quarters, with the view of obtaining a loan for the whole or a material portion of the Debt at a fixed rate of 5 per cent. But, unfortunately, their efforts have not hitherto proved successful.

The Directors have now to report on the treatment of the Patients. The principal Medical visits of the day, which take up several hours, begin at ten a.m. and six p.m. But the junior Medical Officers visit the Male Divisions every morning, beginning before seven o'clock, to see the state of the Patients and their apartments, and to do what may be necessary for their welfare.

And as to the moral treatment—work, recreation, and amusement have all been successfully employed in the alleviation of human suffering. During the summer months, many of the Inmates were in the country, and several large pic-nic parties went beyond Killearn in Mr. WALKER'S most commodious omnibuses. The poor as well as the rich Patients participated. Cricket, bowls, and billiards were much in requisition. The cricket matches played against the gentlemen of the various Glasgow Clubs on the Asylum grounds were duly noticed in the newspapers of the day. As these reports show,

several matches were gained by the Gartnavel Club. One Patient, a gentleman from a distance, particularly distinguished himself and made the highest scores on every occasion. Bowling matches were also played with clubs in the neighbourhood. Councillor WILSON and the members of his club came out and played one evening with the Patients. On one occasion, a Patient, not the cricketer alluded to, won a pair of bowls. Concerts and balls have been very frequent. Nothing pleases the invalids more than comic representations and dancing. The performance of the "negroes," for example—for which the Patients were indebted to Mr. SAWERS and the other gentlemen of the Phoenix Club—was received with rapturous applause; indeed, several of the Patients themselves excel in comic singing, and never fail to entertain the strangers who attend the re-unions. New slides having again been obtained, the magic lantern was frequently exhibited; Mr. GEORGE ROY delighted them with his celebrated oration on "The Art of Pleasing," and also with some of his humorous stories, which it must be said never weary the Patients. The entertainment he gave in November last was never surpassed; besides Mr. GRAHAM, M. P., who occupied the chair on that occasion, several distinguished strangers were present, mingling with the Inmates and joining in the dance. The Directors have therefore much pleasure in tendering Mr. ROY their thanks for these acts of kindness rendered *con amore*.

To Mr. NEIL M'NEILL, Mr. AIRLIE, and all the gentlemen of the Abstainers' Union, for getting up entertainments for the Patients, and for coming out time after time and in all kinds of weather to assist at them; to the dis-

tinguished *artistes* who accompanied these gentlemen to Gartnavel, and Miss KIRK in particular; to Mr. ROBSON and the Philharmonic Society; to Mr. HAWTHORN and St. Stephen's Band; to Mr. ADAMS and the Social Reform Band, who all performed successfully and gratuitously, the Directors offer their best acknowledgments. Mr. FRAME also deserves honourable mention for his valuable services on all occasions.

The Directors have to thank the trustees of the late Mr. FERGUSON of Irvine for the gift of a portrait of this most benevolent gentleman. It now adorns the Board Room at Gartnavel.

Through the courtesy of Mr. WHITELOW and the other Members of the Committee of the Glasgow Institute of the Fine Arts, many of the Patients were permitted to visit the Exhibition of Paintings in the Corporation Galleries free, for which indulgence the Directors now beg to return thanks to those gentlemen. Patients of all classes have also been delighted with their visits to the Industrial Exhibition. The thanks of the Directors are due to Mr. MELVIN, the President, for his kindness in granting admission to the Patients without charge.

There has been no particular change in the staff of the Officials this year; but it may be here recorded that Mr. M'LAURIN, who had been Gardener to the Asylum for the long period of forty-three years, died a few months ago. He was able to attend to his duties till within a few days of his death.

The Directors cannot conclude their Report without expressing their high sense and appreciation of the services of the Weekly Committee. Their meetings are well attended, and the utmost attention is paid by these gentle-

men at all times to the business of the Institution. They would also thank the House Visitors.

Finally, the Directors thank the Medical and Surgical Officers, the Superintendent of Ladies, the Matron, the Chaplain, and the other Officers of the Asylum for their services during the past year.

ACCOUNT

OF

THE TREASURER'S INTROMISSIONS.

FOR THE YEAR 1865.

CHARGE.

Balance due by the Treasurer, per last Account,.....	£0	14	4
Board of Patients, received in 1865,.....	17,954	12	2
Proceeds of Farm Produce, &c. sold,.....	494	7	8
Advances for Patients in 1864, received in 1865,	468	5	8
LEGACY and SUBSCRIPTION, viz.			
Executors of DONALD CUTHBERTSON, Esq.,			
Accountant, Glasgow, Legacy (free of Duty),	£500	0	0
WILLIAM CUTHILL, Esq., Merchant, Denny,			
Subscription,	1	1	0

	501	1	0
Interest on Deposit Account with National Bank,.....	45	1	6
" " with Union Bank,.....	47	12	3
Drawn from National Bank, in excess of Deposits,.....	130	0	0

	£19,641	14	7

DISCHARGE.

HOUSE EXPENSE, viz.

Butcher Meat,.....	£3,631	14	6
Meal, Barley, Peas, Salt, &c.....	419	15	6
Flour, and Bakers' Wages,.....	743	1	4
Groceries,.....	668	3	8
Milk,.....	636	11	3
Butter and Cheese,.....	614	19	11
Potatoes,.....	115	13	4
Eggs, Fish, and Poultry,.....	536	6	11
Medicines,	71	3	1
Coal and Coke,.....	563	7	4
Gas-Light and Candles,.....	288	1	1
Soap and Soda,.....	180	6	0
Water-Rent since 21st November 1864,	164	0	5
Wine, Spirits, Porter, Ale, and Beer,	579	10	7
Fruit,.....	37	5	7
			<hr/>
			£9,250 0 6

SALARIES, viz.

Physician-Superintendent,.....	£600	0	0
Deduct Fees received,.....	388	10	0
			<hr/>
			£211 10 0
Treasurer and Secretary,.....	300	0	0
Medical Assistants,.....	167	13	7
Chaplain,.....	70	0	0
Ladies' Superintendent,	74	7	10
Steward,.....	110	0	0
Surgeon,.....	54	12	0
Auditor,.....	10	10	0
			<hr/>
			998 13 5

REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS, viz.

Wages of Tradesmen,.....	£453	17	3
Cost of Cast Boilers,.....	14	4	6
" New Laundry,.....	573	16	2
Timber,.....	84	6	10
Building Materials, &c.....	45	15	6
Oils, Colours, &c.....	43	6	0
Iron Castings,.....	16	9	10
Ironmongery,.....	78	11	6
Painting and Paper-hanging,	255	7	6
Plumbers' Materials,	87	19	6
Stakes and Rafters,.....	91	5	0
Engine Ashes, Pavement, &c.....	22	6	0
Chimney Cans,	24	19	0
Miscellaneous,.....	40	8	1
			<hr/>
			£1,832 12 8

Carried forward,..... £12,081 6 7

Brought forward,.....£12,081 6 7

HOUSE FURNISHINGS, FURNITURE, &c., viz.

House Furnishings,.....	£343 17 1	
Furniture,.....	95 8 4	
Blankets and Bed-Covers,.....	77 3 0	
Carpets and Floor Cloth,.....	173 13 0	
Hair for Mattresses, &c.....	21 13 0	
Ironmongery, Cutlery, &c.....	129 12 9	
China, Earthenware, &c.....	25 16 0	
Timber,.....	47 12 6	
Wages of Tradesmen and Upholsteress,.. . .	150 4 9	
Miscellaneous,.....	33 11 6	
	<hr/>	1,098 11 11
Servants' Wages,		2,342 15 4
Outlays for Patients, during quarter ending 30th Dec. 1865,..		516 2 5
Expended on Garden,.....		230 9 2
" on Farm,		157 13 3
Interest on Credit Account with National Bank to 1st } November 1865,.....		1,073 4 4
Do. with Union Bank to 2d April 1865,		829 9 2
National Bank, in part principal sum due,		250 0 0
Union Bank, " " 		250 0 0
Lodged in Union Bank on Deposit Account,.....		90 0 0

MISCELLANEOUS CHARGES.

Assessed Taxes, Income-Tax, Poor-Rates, &c.	£200 4 11½	
Books, Periodicals, and Stationery,.....	101 2 0	
Printing and Advertising,	35 13 3	
Postages and Incidents,.....	54 6 4	
Insurance,	54 4 3	
Tolls, Carriage Hires, and Stabling,.....	76 9 0	
Rent of Rooms for Directors' Meetings in town,	13 0 0	
Subscriptions to Reading Club and to Stirling's Library, the Athenæum Library, and the Glasgow Public Library,.....	9 7 0	
For taking charge of Parcels in town,.....	15 0 0	
Repairing Carriage and Saddlery,.....	15 4 0	
Law Expense,.....	34 10 0	
Price of New Carriage,.....£110 0 0		
Deduct Price of old one sold.. 20 0 0		
	<hr/>	90 0 0
Carriage of Parcels to Gartnavel,.....	5 0 0	
Miscellaneous,.....	23 1 4	
	<hr/>	727 2 1½

£19,646 14 3½

Amount of DISCHARGE, as above,..... £19,646 14 3½

 " CHARGE, " 19,641 14 7

Balance due to the Treasurer,..... £4 19 8½

ABSTRACT OF THE PROPERTY & DEBTS
OF
The Glasgow Royal Lunatic Asylum,
AT 30TH DECEMBER, 1865.

PROPERTY.

Board of Patients, yet to be recovered,.....	£363	13	1
Advances for Patients, " 	516	2	5
Farm and Garden Stock, Building Materials, and Goods in } Store,.....	1,837	11	10
Price of Ground,.....	10,185	0	0
Expenditure on Buildings and Grounds,	61,400	19	8
Original Cost of new Furniture,.....	5,018	2	2
Deposited in National Bank,.....	100	0	0
" in Union Bank,	200	0	0
	<u>£79,621</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>2</u>

DEBTS.

National Bank, on Credit Account,.....	£18,750	0	0
Union Bank, " " 	11,250	0	0
Balance due to Treasurer, per preceding Account,.....	4	19	8½
	<u>£30,004</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>8½</u>
Amount of PROPERTY, as above,.....	£79,621	9	2
" DEBTS, " 	30,004	19	8½
Balance in favour of the Institution,.....	<u>£49,616</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>5½</u>

I have carefully examined the Accounts of the Treasurer to the GLASGOW ROYAL ASYLUM FOR LUNATICS, for Year ending 30th December, 1865, of which the foregoing is Balance and Abstract, and find the same correctly stated and vouched.

JOHN E. WATSON, *Chartered Accountant.*

33 RENFIELD STREET,
GLASGOW, 9th January, 1866.

REPORT

BY

THE PHYSICIAN-SUPERINTENDENT,

TO THE DIRECTORS,

For 1865.

It appears from the subjoined Tables that on the 1st January, 1865, there were in the Asylum 497 Patients of all classes; that during the year 238 were admitted, 192 were dismissed, and 41 died. At the close of the year 502 Patients remained in the House. The number admitted in 1865 was 14 more, and the number dismissed 19 more, than in the previous year. The total number treated within the period embraced by this Report was 735.

The following statement shows that the number treated in 1865, compared with 1864, was 735 to 708

The number cured,	.	.	.	.	112 to 104
The number relieved,	.	.	.	.	80 to 67
The number of deaths,	.	.	.	.	41 to 38
The average daily number,	.	.	.	.	510 to 486

ADMISSIONS.—Of the 238 admissions, 108, or considerably less than the half, were affected with acute mania; 102, or 42·857 per cent., with monomania and melancholia; and 27, or about 11 per cent., with dementia and imbecility.

On a comparison with the year 1864, the number of cases of acute mania is 5 fewer in 1865; and whereas in the former year the number was fully a half of the whole admissions, the number in the latter year was considerably less than the half. The cases of monomania and melancholia show a decided increase in the year, the number in 1864 being 60, and in 1865, 102; while the cases of dementia show an equally decided decrease, being 27 in 1865, to 51 in 1864.

The bodily health of a great number of the Patients admitted was much impaired; they were very weak and reduced in condition. One of them from the Police Station was in a state of furious mania; his manifestations were very characteristic of his malady, and when he was received he was so exhausted as to make us apprehensive of a speedy and fatal termination. But a constant perseverance in the use of nourishing food and stimulants, with the prolonged bath, soon brought him round, and he made a capital recovery.—An excellent person lost all her means, and became ill mentally. Before her brain gave way, and an attack of acute mania followed, she had struggled hard for a long time to support herself and her parents creditably, while in a state of partial starvation working all day long, and often the greater part of the night. She was a most dangerous patient, but gradually recovered under the same kind of treatment as noted in the preceding case.—A third case may be briefly alluded

to, that of a woman, above 60 years of age, who fancied that she had swallowed a great quantity of vitriol, and, in consequence, had little sleep or rest for a long time before she was sent to Gartnavel. She cried constantly for medicine to take away the poison. In a few months she became well. There never was a more grateful patient in the House. She comes nearly 30 miles to attend the Concerts.—A few of the Patients were so degenerated in their language and conduct, as to show a loss of reason scarcely conceivable. Several were admitted in a dying state, requiring to take stimulants before they could be carried from the vehicle which brought them to the bed whereon they died in a few days afterwards.

The suicidal Patients were numerous. Many had injured themselves before admission, and made frequent attempts to do so afterwards. The stomach-pump was much in requisition. In a few cases the tube had only to be introduced once either by the mouth or the nose. A number, however, who were determined against the taking of every kind of nourishment, had to be fed by this means, thrice daily, for months. The consequence was, many lives were saved and prolonged, and cures effected.

CAUSES.—The difficulty of obtaining accurate information as to the causes of mental disorder in the cases admitted, and which is of such vital importance in the treatment, has been pointed out in former Reports. The causes assigned are generally of a description upon which little or no reliance can be placed, and there is a large number every year which are altogether unaccounted for. In the present instance, however, the information on this

point is somewhat fuller than in the previous Report. Out of the 224 admissions in 1864, there were 104 for which no cause was assigned; but of the 238 admissions in 1865, only 84 are recorded as of unknown origin. Of the remaining 154 there are 33 cases ascribed to various kinds of mental excitement; and 121 are due to physical causes, 16 being hereditary, 21 arising from predisposition, and 19 from intemperance. We are persuaded that the use of alcoholic drinks was an exciting or predisposing cause in many of the other Patients. Destitution has also been a cause in not a few of the poor patients admitted this year. In the class of cases traced to mental causes, 10 are ascribed to religious excitement.

SOCIAL CONDITION.—It appears from the Table, that of the total number 238, there were—unmarried, 122; married, 80; and widowed, 36. The unmarried, as in the former Report, being in excess of the married and widowed together, 122 to 116. The unmarried males are greatly in excess of the unmarried females—76 to 46; the married males, however, are more numerous than the married females—47 to 33; but of the widowed there are only 11 males to 25 females—in the previous year the number was 3 to 14. In last year's Report there was a difference of only 2 betwixt the married males and females; and the widowed stood to each other much in the proportion of the present year.

AGES.—The Table of Ages of those admitted shows that up to 55 years the males are considerably in excess of the females, the maximum number being reached at the age of 30. From 60 years and upwards, the excess

is on the side of the females; and, in last Report, it appeared to commence at a still earlier age, namely 45. The proportion of cases amongst the males is greatly higher than the relative proportion of admissions of the two sexes.

Of the 134 males, 10 are classified in the Table of Occupation as clerks; 23 as labourers; 7 as gentlemen; 6 as miners, these being the highest numbers in it. And of the 104 females, 14 are domestic servants; 29 are housewives; 22 are ladies; 10 are sempstresses; and 5 are factory workers.

The greatest number of admissions took place in the months of January, February, and March, 76; in the next quarter, 59; in the third quarter, 50; and in the fourth, 53. In the previous year the largest number was in the last three months, and the lowest in the Autumn quarter—72 to 46.

There was no paralytic or epileptic Patient admitted in the quarter ending in September, 1865.

DISMISSALS.—The number of Patients dismissed cured was 112, being 8 more than in 1864, but, including the 80 relieved, the total dismissals are 192, being 21 more than last year. One of those dismissed cured had been less than a year in the House, and he laboured under an attack of intermittent mania. A certain cause being suspected, he was made to sleep under the eye of the night attendant, the intermission soon became permanent and complete, and he was discharged well in a few months afterwards. The large number of dismissals, in proportion to the number of admissions, cannot be regarded otherwise than as a satisfactory result. The greatest proportion

of cures occurred, as usual, in acute mania, amounting to 62, or upwards of 55 per cent. of the whole number cured. There were 41 cures in cases of monomania and melancholia, and 8 in cases of dementia. In 18 other cases cured, the insanity had been of unknown duration. Of the remaining 94—

87 were Cured in less than.....Six Months.
 1 was Cured in less than.....One Year.
 3 were Cured in less than.....Two Years.
 1 was Cured in less than.....Five Years.

The importance of dealing with the malady in its early stages is made manifest in the present as in former Tables—28 having been cured within two months from the admission of the Patients.

The length of residence in the Asylum of those cured was, in—

82 Cases,.....under Six Months.
 22 Cases,.....under Twelve Months.
 4 Cases,.....under Two Years.
 4 Cases,.....from Three to Five Years.

Out of the 112 cases, 83 cures were effected in Patients of the ages of 25 to 50. Of the total cures, 12 were cases caused by intemperance, 19 by predisposition, 7 were hereditary, and 41 were of unknown origin.

DEATHS.—The number of deaths during the year was 41, being 3 more than in 1864.

In 19 Cases the form of Insanity in these was Mania.
 In 10 Cases the form was Monomania or Melancholia.
 In 12 Cases it was Dementia or Imbecility.

Of the 41 deaths, 4 occurred under 25 years of age; 21 under 50 years; 10 under 65 years; 1 at 70; 2 at 75; 1 at 80, and 2 at 85 years. Of the number, 17 had been

in the Asylum under 11 months; 15 under 5 years; 5 under 12 years; and 4 under 19 years.

25 Patients Died from diseases of the Nervous system, and their Consequences.

2 Patients Died from diseases of the Abdomen and Urinary organs.

13 do. do. diseases of the Chest.

1 Patient Died from injuries received before Admission.

One of the causes was apnoea. A morsel of food stuck in the throat of a paralytic Patient, and before it could be removed he had ceased to breathe. One of the Patients, who died of disease of the heart, was in the act of removing his dress before lying down in bed, when he suddenly dropped down dead, in the presence of other Patients and an attendant. As he appeared to be quite well previously, indeed, up to that moment, I thought it my duty to report the matter to the Procurator-Fiscal, and to request that an examination of the body should be made. This was done by an experienced Surgeon, when extensive disease of the heart was found, as suspected, to be the cause of death.

A third case of death was that of a paralytic mentally deficient girl, who died at the age of 15. For the three years she had been an Inmate she did not appear to grow any. She died in an epileptic convulsion.

A few of the other cases of death were treated by the Surgeon for a considerable period.

The date of the first admission (into the old Asylum in Parliamentary Road) of one of the Patients who died at a very advanced age, was 12th February, 1817.

The other deaths do not require notice here.

Drs. HAY and BLAIR have compiled and carefully prepared the two tables of Epileptic Seizures, which are appended to this Report.

TREATMENT.—This has been much the same as formerly. The Patients are much indebted to the gentlemen whose names are mentioned on pages 14 and 15. I have much pleasure in offering to these benevolent citizens my best thanks for their unwearied kindness, and can only wish that they may continue to take the same interest in the Invalids residing in what one of the latter terms the “Palace of the Mind.”

In the East House there is often much difficulty felt in arranging the Patients for the night, in consequence of the small number of single rooms for those Patients who from various reasons cannot be allowed to sleep in dormitories with other persons.

There is nothing so beneficial as work of some kind or other for the Patients, and, so far as means permit, we try to employ them on the grounds, and in the House as formerly.

GENERAL HEALTH.—This continues to be good in all the divisions.

I now beg leave respectfully to tender my acknowledgements to the Directors of 1865, for their confidence and consideration throughout the year just terminated.

ALEXANDER MACKINTOSH, M.D.

Physician-Superintendent.

GLASGOW ROYAL ASYLUM,
GARTNAVEL, 30th December, 1865.

MEDICAL STATISTICAL TABLES,

FOR THE YEAR 1865.

I.—GENERAL STATEMENT.

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Remained on 31st December 1864,	259	238	497
Admitted since,	134	104	238
	—	—	—
TOTAL,	393	342	735
	==	==	==
Dismissed Cured,	65	47	112
" Relieved,	45	35	80
Died,	22	19	41
	—	—	—
TOTAL,	132	101	233
Remaining on 31st December 1865,	261	241	502
	—	—	—
TOTAL TREATED,	393	342	735
	==	==	==
Average Daily Number,	267·36	242·66	510·02
	=====	=====	=====

II.—TABLES RELATIVE TO PATIENTS ADMITTED DURING THE YEAR 1865.

Table 1.—Showing the Form of Insanity in those Admitted.

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Mania, Acute,	51	57	108
Dementia,	19	7	26
Melancholia,	11	19	30
Monomania,	52	20	72
Nymphomania,	0	1	1
Imbecility,	1	0	1
TOTAL,	134	104	238

Table 2.—Showing the Social Condition of those Admitted.

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Unmarried,	76	46	122
Married,	47	33	80
Widowed,	11	25	36
TOTAL,	134	104	238

Table 3.—Showing the Ages of those Admitted.

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Under 15 Years,	2	0	2
" 20 "	5	3	8
" 25 "	18	18	36
" 30 "	20	10	30
" 35 "	19	16	35
" 40 "	17	8	25
" 45 "	13	13	26
" 50 "	11	9	20
" 55 "	13	7	20
" 60 "	3	7	10
" 65 "	5	6	11
" 70 "	5	5	10
" 75 "	2	0	2
" 80 "	1	2	3
TOTAL,	134	104	238

*Table 4.—Showing the (apparent or supposed) Cause of
Insanity in those Admitted.*

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Anxiety,	0	1	1
Apoplexy,	2	0	2
Bodily Disease,	0	2	2
" Injury,	5	0	5
" Weakness,	0	1	1
Business Embarrassments,	1	0	1
Change of Life,	0	2	2
Debility,	0	1	1
Disappointment in Love,	0	4	4
Domestic Trials,	0	1	1
Epilepsy,	9	2	11
Excessive Lactation,	0	2	2
Excitement,	2	0	2
Family Circumstances,	1	0	1
Fear of Poverty,	0	1	1
Grief,	2	6	8
Hereditary,	9	7	16
Hemiplegic,	1	0	1
Intemperance,	15	4	19
Masturbation,	11	0	11
" and Drink,	1	0	1
" and Loss of Business,	1	0	1
Mesmerism and Frictions to Spine,	0	1	1
Menstrual Disorder,	0	1	1
Miscarriage,	0	1	1
Opium and Stimulants,	2	1	3
Over-Exertion,	4	1	5
Paralysis,	11	0	11
Predisposition,	13	8	21
Premature Birth,	0	1	1
Puerperal State,	0	2	2
Religious Excitement,	7	3	10
Softening of the Brain,	1	0	1
Solitude,	0	1	1
Sunstroke,	1	0	1
Unknown,	35	49	84
Violent Bad Temper,	0	1	1
TOTAL,	134	104	238

Table 5.—Showing the Occupations of those Admitted.

MALES.			
Artist,	1	<i>Brought forward,</i>	80
Baker,	1	Merchants,	2
Barber,	1	Message-Boy,	1
Blacksmiths,	2	Millwright,	1
Boilermaker,	1	Miners,	6
Brickmaker,	1	Missionary,	1
Cab-Driver,	1	Muslin Printer,	1
Civil Engineer,	1	Night Watchman,	1
Clerks,	10	No Occupation,	6
Clothlapper,	1	Packing-Box Makers,	2
Coach-Driver,	1	Painters,	2
Commercial Traveller,	1	Paper-Ruler,	1
Designers,	2	Physicians,	4
Drapers,	2	Ploughman,	1
Drysalter,	1	Plumber,	1
Engineer,	1	Policeman,	1
Engine-Keepers,	2	Porter,	1
Fancy Dressmaker,	1	Print-Cutter,	1
Farmers,	2	Sailors,	3
Fisherman,	1	Sheep-Farmer,	1
Gentlemen,	7	Sheriff-Clerk-Depute,	1
Glazier,	1	Shoemakers,	4
Grocer,	1	Slaters,	2
Hammerman,	1	Spirit-Dealer,	1
Hostler,	1	Stationer,	1
Iron-Moulders,	2	Tailors,	2
Joiners,	4	Tide-Waiter,	1
Labourers,	23	Tinsmith,	1
Leather-Merchant,	1	Upholsterer,	1
Manufacturer,	1	Warehouseman,	1
Masons,	3	Weavers,	2
Mechanic,	1		
	—	TOTAL,	134
<i>Carry forward,</i>	80		==

FEMALES.			
Bootbinder,	1	<i>Brought forward,</i>	78
Domestic Servants,	14	Pirn-Filler,	1
Factory Workers,	5	Printfield Workers,	2
Field Worker,	1	Register-Office Keeper,	1
Hawker,	1	Sempstresses,	10
Housekeepers,	3	Shawl-Fringer,	1
Housewives,	29	Shopkeepers,	5
Ladies,	22	Teachers,	2
Ladies' Maid,	1	Washerwoman,	1
No Occupation,	1	Weavers,	3
	—		—
<i>Carry forward,</i>	78	TOTAL,	104
			==

Table 6.—Showing the Number of Admissions in each Month
of the Year 1865.

[illegible]

III.—TABLES RELATIVE TO PATIENTS DISMISSED CURED.

Table 1.—Showing the Form of Insanity in those Cured.

							MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Mania, Acute,	.	.	.	.	.	.	35	27	62
Monomania,	.	.	.	.	.	.	16	7	23
Melancholia,	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	11	18
Dementia,	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	2	8
Imbecility,	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	0	1
							<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
						TOTAL,	65	47	112
							<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

Table 2.—Showing the previous Duration of Insanity in those Cured.

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Under 1 Week,	19 ...	5 ...	24
" 2 Weeks,	9 ...	11 ...	20
" 3 "	6 ...	4 ...	10
" 1 Month,	6 ...	5 ...	11
" 2 Months,	5 ...	6 ...	11
" 3 "	3 ...	0 ...	3
" 4 "	3 ...	2 ...	5
" 5 "	1 ...	1 ...	2
" 6 "	0 ...	1 ...	1
" 7 "	0 ...	2 ...	2
" 1 Year,	0 ...	1 ...	1
" 2 Years,	1 ...	2 ...	3
" 5 "	1 ...	0 ...	1
Unknown,	11 ...	7 ...	18
TOTAL,	<u>65</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>112</u>

Table 3.—Showing the Ages of those Cured.

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Under 15 Years,	1 ...	0 ...	1
" 20 "	4 ...	2 ...	6
" 25 "	12 ...	5 ...	17
" 30 "	9 ...	5 ...	14
" 35 "	9 ...	6 ...	15
" 40 "	9 ...	4 ...	13
" 45 "	6 ...	8 ...	14
" 50 "	5 ...	5 ...	10
" 55 "	5 ...	4 ...	9
" 60 "	0 ...	2 ...	2
" 65 "	2 ...	4 ...	6
" 70 "	3 ...	2 ...	5
TOTAL,	<u>65</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>112</u>

Table 4.—Showing the Length of Residence in the Asylum of those Cured.

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Under 1 Month,	3	3	6
" 2 Months,	17	5	22
" 3 "	9	5	14
" 4 "	4	13	17
" 5 "	5	6	11
" 6 "	7	5	12
" 7 "	5	3	8
" 8 "	1	0	1
" 9 "	6	1	7
" 10 "	2	1	3
" 11 "	0	3	3
" 2 Years,	2	2	4
" 3 "	2	0	2
" 4 "	1	0	1
" 5 "	1	0	1
	—	—	—
TOTAL,	65	47	112
	==	==	==

Table 5.—Showing the Causes of Insanity in those Cured.

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Anxiety,	0	2	2
Apoplexy,	1	0	1
Change of Life,	0	1	1
Chloroform,	0	1	1
Disappointment,	1	1	2
Domestic Circumstances,	1	0	1
Epilepsy,	3	0	3
Excessive Lactation,	0	2	2
Eycitement,	3	0	3
Grief,	0	2	2
Hereditary,	4	3	7
Intemperance,	10	2	12
Masturbation,	3	0	3
Menstrual Disorder,	0	1	1
Mesmerism and Frictions to Spine,	0	1	1
Opium and Stimulants,	1	0	1
Over-Exertion,	2	2	4
Paralysis,	2	0	2
Predisposition,	13	6	19
Puerperal State,	0	1	1
Religious Excitement,	1	1	2
Unknown,	20	21	41
	—	—	—
TOTAL,	65	47	112
	==	==	==

Table 6.—Showing the per Cent. of Cures upon the Total Number Treated; the Number Treated to a Conclusion; and the Number Admitted.

			PER CENT.
Total Number Treated,	735	Cured, 112	{ 15·23 48·06 47·05
" " to a Conclusion,	233		
Admitted,	238		

IV.—TABLES RELATIVE TO PATIENTS WHO DIED DURING THE YEAR 1865.

Table 1.—Showing the Form of Insanity in those who Died.

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Mania,	12	7	19
Monomania,	6	1	7
Melancholia,	0	3	3
Dementia,	4	6	10
Idiocy,	0	2	2
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL,	22	19	41
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

Table 2.—Showing the Ages of those who Died.

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Under 20 Years,	0	2	2
" 25 "	1	1	2
" 30 "	1	4	5
" 35 "	3	1	4
" 40 "	2	2	4
" 45 "	4	0	4
" 50 "	2	2	4
" 55 "	3	3	6
" 60 "	0	1	1
" 65 "	2	1	3
" 70 "	1	0	1
" 75 "	0	2	2
" 80 "	1	0	1
" 85 "	2	0	2
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL,	22	19	41
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

Table 3.—Showing the Length of Residence in the Asylum of those who Died.

						MALES.		FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Under 1 Week,	.	.	.	.	.	1	...	1	2
" 2 Weeks,	.	.	.	.	.	0	...	2	2
" 3 "	.	.	.	.	.	1	...	1	2
" 1 Month,	.	.	.	.	.	2	...	0	2
" 2 Months,	.	.	.	.	.	0	...	1	1
" 3 "	.	.	.	.	.	2	...	0	2
" 4 "	.	.	.	.	.	1	...	2	3
" 7 "	.	.	.	.	.	1	...	0	1
" 9 "	.	.	.	.	.	0	...	1	1
" 11 "	.	.	.	.	.	1	...	0	1
" 1 Year,	.	.	.	.	.	0	...	1	1
" 2 Years,	.	.	.	.	.	6	...	2	8
" 3 "	.	.	.	.	.	2	...	1	3
" 4 "	.	.	.	.	.	1	...	0	1
" 5 "	.	.	.	.	.	0	...	2	2
" 7 "	.	.	.	.	.	1	...	0	1
" 9 "	.	.	.	.	.	0	...	2	2
" 12 "	.	.	.	.	.	0	...	2	2
" 14 "	.	.	.	.	.	1	...	0	1
" 15 "	.	.	.	.	.	1	...	0	1
" 19 "	.	.	.	.	.	1	...	1	2
						—		—	—
TOTAL,						22	...	19	41
						=		=	=

Table 4.—Showing the Causes of Death.

						MALES.		FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Apnœa,	.	.	.	.	.	1	...	0	1
Apoplexy,	.	.	.	.	.	1	...	2	3
Caries of the Ribs,	.	.	.	.	.	0	...	1	1
Disease of Brain,	.	.	.	.	.	2	...	1	3
" Heart,	.	.	.	.	.	2	...	1	3
" Liver and Bowels,	.	.	.	.	.	1	...	0	1
" Uterus and Ovaries,	.	.	.	.	.	0	...	1	1
Epilepsy,	.	.	.	.	.	1	...	3	4
Exhaustion,	.	.	.	.	.	2	...	3	5
General Paralysis,	.	.	.	.	.	9	...	1	10
Inflammation of Throat,	.	.	.	.	.	0	...	1	1
Injuries received before Admission,	.	.	.	.	.	0	...	1	1
Phthisis Pulmonalis,	.	.	.	.	.	0	...	4	4
Pleuro-Pneumonia,	.	.	.	.	.	3	...	0	3
						—		—	—
TOTAL,						22	...	19	41
						=		=	=

Table 5.—Showing the per Cent. of Deaths upon the Total Number Treated; the Number Treated to a Conclusion; and the Number Admitted.

			PER CENT.
Total Number Treated,	735	Died, 41,	5·57
" " to a Conclusion,	233		17·64
Admitted,	238		17·22

V.—SHOWING THE NUMBER OF PATIENTS DISMISSED IN EACH MONTH OF THE YEAR 1865.

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
January,	10	9	19
February,	10	7	17
March,	12	4	16
			— 52
April,	13	11	24
May,	10	13	23
June,	13	13	26
			— 73
July,	6	11	17
August,	13	7	20
September,	13	2	15
			— 52
October,	10	6	16
November,	9	5	14
December,	13	13	26
			— 56
TOTAL,			233

VI.—SHOWING THE PER CENT. OF CURES AND DEATHS UPON THE TOTAL NUMBER OF PATIENTS TREATED TO A CONCLUSION,

From the Opening of the Asylum on 12th Dec. 1814 till 31st Dec. 1865.

		CURED. PER CENT.
Total Number Treated to a Conclusion,	8,801	4,309 } 48·96
		DIED.
" " " "	8,801	1,469 } 16·68

VII.—THE PUERPERAL STATE AS A CAUSE OF INSANITY.

DATE.	Total Female Admissions.	From Puerperal Causes.	Per Cent. on Female Total Admissions.	DATE.	Total Female Admissions.	From Puerperal Causes.	Per Cent. on Female Total Admissions.
1845,	164	10	6	1857,	139	7	5.03
1846,	192	11	5.7	1858,	140	11	7.85
1850,	167	17	10.1	1859,	89	6	6.74
1851,	199	10	5	1860,	111	5	4.5
1852,	119	11	9.2	1861,	95	4	4.21
1853,	125	11	8	1862,	104	11	10.57
1854,	153	8	5.2	1863,	105	11	10.47
1855,	84	12	14.2	1864,	97	6	6.31
1856,	99	13	13.1	1865,	104	2	1.92

VIII.—INTEMPERANCE AS A CAUSE OF INSANITY,

Showing the Number of Male and Female Admissions from this Cause, compared with Total Number of Admissions, in each Year since 1824.

YEAR.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Total Admissions.	Per Cent.
1824, .....	..	..	..	75	..
1825,	2	..	2	75	2.6
1826, .....	..	..	..	72	..
1827,	1	..	1	72	1.38
1828,	2	1	3	88	3.40
1829,	3	4	7	84	8.3
1830,	2	1	3	84	3.57
1831,	2	2	4	89	4.49
1832, .....	..	1	1	97	1.03
1833,	5	2	7	83	8.43
1838,	18	13	31	117	26.49
1839,	19	5	24	128	18.75
1840,	12	8	20	149	13.42
1841,	22	8	30	157	19.10
1842,	27	19	46	199	23.11
1843,	21	10	31	327	9.48
1844,	39	14	53	290	18.27
1845,	57	33	90	364	24.72
1846,	68	37	105	414	25.36
1850,	42	29	71	393	18.06
1851,	33	21	54	259	20.84
1852,	34	22	56	266	21.05
1853,	48	17	65	319	20.37
1854,	27	18	45	240	18.75
1855,	26	7	33	201	16.41
1856,	19	13	32	217	14.73
1857,	26	18	44	287	15.34
1858,	15	13	28	267	10.43
1859,	15	12	27	204	13.28
1860,	13	4	17	204	8.33
1861,	22	8	30	211	14.21
1862,	8	9	17	196	8.67
1863,	10	4	14	225	6.22
1864,	22	6	28	224	12.5
1865,	15	4	19	238	7.98

In the years 1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, 1847, 1848, and 1849, there were no Statistical Tables appended to the Annual Reports relative to Intemperance as a cause of Insanity in the Patients admitted.

IX.—*Showing the NUMBER of PATIENTS annually ADMITTED
NUMBER who have been DISMISSED CURED, RELIEVED, and
its Opening, on 12th December 1814, till 31st December 1865,*

YEAR.	ADMITTED DURING EACH YEAR.			REMAINED AT THE END OF EACH PRECEDING YEAR.			TOTAL UNDER TREATMENT DURING EACH YEAR.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1814,.....	25	19	44	..	..	..	..	..	..
1815,.....	40	37	77	21	19	40	61	56	117
1816,.....	56	34	90	39	34	73	95	68	163
1817,.....	45	42	87	56	39	95	101	81	182
1818,.....	50	41	91	56	47	103	106	88	194
1819,.....	45	36	81	62	40	102	107	76	183
1820,.....	54	33	87	64	42	106	118	75	193
1821,.....	56	38	94	69	43	112	125	81	206
1822,.....	51	30	81	74	47	121	125	77	202
1823,.....	41	43	84	63	43	106	104	86	190
1824,.....	40	38	78	55	59	114	95	97	192
1825,.....	47	32	79	59	61	120	106	93	199
1826,.....	38	37	75	59	55	114	97	92	189
1827,.....	50	24	74	55	50	105	105	74	179
1828,.....	45	49	94	62	44	106	107	93	200
1829,.....	47	42	89	64	59	123	111	101	212
1830,.....	40	49	89	59	55	114	99	104	203
1831,.....	56	40	96	62	61	123	118	101	219
1832,.....	48	51	99	75	62	137	123	113	236
1833,.....	52	37	89	78	61	139	130	98	228
1834,.....	50	35	85	71	68	139	121	103	224
1835,.....	55	41	96	78	62	140	133	103	236
1836,.....	65	57	122	73	64	137	138	121	259
1837,.....	61	53	114	79	70	149	140	123	263
1838,.....	58	59	117	74	72	146	132	131	263
1839,.....	80	51	131	80	77	157	160	128	288
1840,.....	78	71	149	82	73	155	160	144	304
1841,.....	83	74	157	92	91	183	175	165	340
1842,.....	114	85	199	84	86	170	198	171	369
1843,.....	184	143	327	102	100	202	286	243	529
1844,.....	157	133	290	196	148	344	353	281	634
1845,.....	200	164	364	225	180	405	425	344	769
1846,.....	222	192	414	258	206	464	480	398	878
1847,.....	203	162	365	289	250	539	492	412	904
1848,.....	205	161	366	298	254	552	503	415	918
1849,.....	211	167	378	284	234	518	495	401	896
1850,.....	194	199	393	265	222	487	459	421	880
1851,.....	140	119	259	227	198	425	367	317	684
1852,.....	141	125	266	226	202	428	367	327	694
1853,.....	166	153	319	214	206	420	380	359	739
1854,.....	123	117	240	248	224	472	371	341	712
1855,.....	117	84	201	223	201	424	340	285	625
1856,.....	118	99	217	218	194	412	336	293	629
1857,.....	148	139	287	229	191	420	377	330	707
1858,.....	127	140	267	242	229	471	369	369	738
1859,.....	115	89	204	249	255	504	364	344	708
1860,.....	93	111	204	266	234	500	359	345	704
1861,.....	116	95	211	252	250	502	368	345	713
1862,.....	92	104	196	255	233	488	347	337	684
1863,.....	120	105	225	255	243	498	375	348	723
1864,.....	127	97	224	245	239	484	372	336	708
1865,.....	134	104	238	259	238	497	393	342	735
TOTAL,.....	5,023	4,280	9,303						

TOTAL as above,..... 9,303

DEDUCT—Remain,..... 502

TOTAL NO. OF PATIENTS, 8,801

into the GLASGOW ROYAL ASYLUM, including *Re-Admissions*; the UNFIT; and the NUMBER who have DIED during each Year—from with the per Cent. of CURES and DEATHS upon the TOTAL.

DISCHARGED.									DIED.		
CURED.			RELIEVED.			UNFIT.					
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
..	..	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	1	..	1
16	16	32	2	6	8	2	..	2	1	..	1
24	16	40	11	12	23	1	..	1	3	2	5
26	17	43	17	15	32	..	..	..	2	1	3
15	21	36	22	22	44	2	1	3	5	3	8
21	18	39	13	12	25	3	..	3	6	4	10
31	13	44	12	16	28	1	..	1	5	3	8
21	14	35	20	18	38	4	..	4	9	2	11
26	7	33	25	25	50	..	..	..	11	2	13
10	15	25	24	9	33	4	1	5	11	2	13
17	21	38	9	10	19	1	..	1	9	5	14
18	12	30	22	24	46	..	1	1	7	1	8
12	13	25	22	24	46	4	..	4	4	5	9
22	20	42	15	6	21	1	1	2	5	3	8
18	19	37	16	10	26	3	..	3	5	5	10
22	23	45	20	20	40	..	1	1	10	2	12
17	28	45	15	12	27	..	..	..	5	3	8
18	24	42	16	10	26	2	..	2	7	5	12
28	19	47	9	22	31	1	4	5	7	7	14
21	17	38	24	10	34	1	2	3	13	1	14
15	16	31	17	19	36	4	..	4	7	6	13
31	24	55	18	9	27	1	1	2	10	5	15
32	29	61	14	16	30	4	3	7	9	3	12
35	20	55	15	22	37	6	4	10	10	5	15
27	23	50	16	16	32	1	8	9	8	7	15
33	30	63	31	15	46	6	3	9	8	7	15
47	34	81	12	10	22	3	3	6	6	6	12
58	52	110	23	18	41	1	..	1	9	9	18
61	38	99	20	24	44	..	..	..	15	9	24
52	69	121	17	17	34	..	..	..	21	9	30
83	65	148	24	25	49	..	..	..	21	11	32
90	87	177	38	29	67	..	..	..	39	22	61
103	84	187	46	43	89	..	..	..	42	21	63
103	100	203	38	26	64	..	..	..	53	32	85
122	104	226	51	39	90	..	..	..	46	38	84
111	94	205	67	33	100	..	..	..	52	52	104
84	87	171	132	111	243	..	..	..	16	25	41
55	63	118	56	40	96	..	..	..	30	12	42
73	55	128	49	47	96	..	..	..	31	19	50
42	74	116	55	36	91	..	..	..	35	24	59
60	56	116	56	54	110	..	..	..	32	30	62
34	35	69	70	36	106	1	..	1	17	20	37
41	50	91	48	36	84	..	..	..	18	16	34
52	59	111	62	29	91	..	..	..	21	14	35
51	56	107	42	26	68	1	..	1	21	23	44
41	41	82	35	40	73	..	..	..	21	28	49
45	51	96	36	22	58	..	..	..	23	21	44
67	55	122	24	32	56	..	..	..	20	25	45
40	38	78	29	42	71	..	..	..	22	12	34
50	50	100	60	44	104	..	..	..	19	15	34
59	45	104	38	29	67	..	..	..	15	23	38
65	47	112	45	35	80	..	..	..	22	19	41
2,245	2,064	4,309							845	624	1,469

TOTAL NO. OF CURES,.. 4,309

TOTAL NO. OF DEATHS,.. 1,469

PER CENT. OF CURES,.. 48·96

PER CENT. OF DEATHS,.. 16·68

X.—TABLE OF EPILEPTIC SEIZURES OCCURRING IN THE FEMALE DIVISION OF THE ASYLUM,
DURING THE YEAR 1865.

PATIENTS.	JAN.		FEB.		MARCH.		APRIL.		MAY.		JUNE.		JULY.		AUGUST.		SEPT.		OCT.		NOV.		DEC.		TOTALS.		TOTALS.
	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	
1,.....	13	19	5	5	Dead.	6	9	6	1	9	2	12	4	9	3	5	6	7	4	19	1	1	18	24	42		
2,.....	8	10	6	9	5	6	9	3	24	20	15	14	4	4	Dead.	6	4	1	1	18	50	111	50	161			
3,.....	16	11	2	8	2	11	9	2	2	2	8	1	2	3	3	6	1	1	3	5	...	5	...	4	67	139	
4,.....	6	4	3	3	4	2	7	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	4	3	1	2	...	1	...	...	6	40	90
5,.....	2	1	2	2	3	1	3	1	6	3	6	3	3	2	4	4	1	1	1	...	6	...	2	25	3	28	
6,.....	5	1	2	2	4	1	2	1	1	1	5	3	14	2	Dead.	4	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	41	12	53
7,.....	5	11	5	16	2	23	6	31	1	...	5	3	11	11	Dead.	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	95	133
8,.....	...	5	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	Dead.	2	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	5	7
9,.....	...	2	2	...	2	3	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	3	10	13
10,.....	...	...	...	...	2	3	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	...	1	1	...	2	...	6	16	22
11,.....	...	...	...	...	1	5	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
12,.....	...	...	Admitted	Admitted	...	5	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	5	1	1	4	4	...	...	4	...	23	24
13,.....	...	...	Admitted	Admitted	6	...	4	2	5	1	4	...	3	3	2	4	2	2	Dead.	3	...	2	Dead.	34	17	51
14,.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Admitted	Admitted	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	3
Totals,...	55	64	29	45	31	52	40	47	42	34	43	37	32	30	14	29	18	12	18	32	10	11	12	344	423	747	
	119		74		83		87		76		80		62		43		30		50		21		42				

From the above Table it will be seen that the total number of Epileptic Seizures occurring in the Female Division of the Asylum during the year was 747. Of these 344 occurred during the day, and 423 at night. The greatest number occurred in January (119), and the smallest number in November (21). The great difference in the number of seizures occurring during these two months is accounted for partly by the fact that some of the Patients, who had very frequent attacks, died towards the beginning or middle of the year. The greatest number of seizures occurring in one Patient during the year was 161, and the greatest number occurring during a single month, in one Patient, was 44. Patient No. 11, who is set down as having had only one seizure, had a number of seizures, occurring with a very short interval between. These attacks are periodical, and occur every year during the spring.

XI.—TABLE OF EPILEPTIC SEIZURES OCCURRING IN 14 MALE PATIENTS, DURING THE YEAR 1865.

PATIENTS.	JAN.		FEB.		MARCH.		APRIL.		MAY.		JUNE.		JULY.		AUGUST.		SEPT.		OCT.		NOV.		DEC.		TOTALS.		TOTALS.
	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	Day.	Ni't.	
1,.....	4	...	4	...	4	...	1	...	4	...	4	1	5	...	11	1	7	...	4	...	5	...	1	53	4	57	
2,.....	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
3,.....	Adm'td	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41
4,.....	1	2	2	...	7	...	1	...	8	...	3	1	4	...	1	...	2	...	4	...	4	...	...	38	5	43
5,.....	7	...	9	1	8	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	3	1	6	...	4	...	7	1	6	2	...	75	9	43
6,.....	2	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	2	...	1	...	3	...	2	...	4	...	4	...	...	32	...	84
7,.....	7	...	4	...	9	...	2	...	8	...	9	2	9	...	6	...	7	...	4	...	17	...	13	...	130	143	
8,.....	3	...	1	...	6	...	2	...	6	...	4	4	3	...	5	2	3	...	5	...	8	...	2	49	32	81	
9,.....	...	...	...	...	2	...	4	...	3	...	2	2	1	...	...	4	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	33	41
10,.....	3	...	11	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	4	2	7	...	...	...	5	...	10	...	7	...	5	76	7	83
11,.....	26	...	26	...	Dismissed	...	...	...	Dismissed	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90
12,.....	6	...	Dismissed	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
13,.....	...	...	...	...	Admitted	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	3	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	11
14,.....	7	1	4	...	...	...	Died.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13
Totals,...	66	10	65	1	74	5	56	18	51	9	33	12	37	11	46	9	38	6	60	14	58	8	38	5	623	108	751
	76		66		79		74		60		45		48		55		44		74		66		43				

The above Table shows that the total number of Epileptic Seizures, in 14 Patients during the year, was 751. Of these 623 occurred during the day, and 108 during the night. The largest number occurred in March (79), and the smallest number in December (43). The greatest number of seizures experienced in one of the above throughout the year was 143, and the highest number in a month was 26. One Patient not included in this Table had seizures so frequently as to make it difficult to count them; as many as 20, however, were observed in one day.

QUANTITIES OF THE PRINCIPAL PROVISIONS, &c.

Consumed in the Asylum in the Year 1865.

Beef, Mutton, &c.....	10,082	Stones.
Bread,	43,921	4-Lb. Loaves.
Bacon Ham,.....	1,362	Lbs.
Tea,	2,071	"
Coffee,	1,960	"
Sugar,	17,998	"
Butter,.....	9,671	"
Cheese,.....	3,381	"
Fish,	31,813	"
Rice, Barley, and Peas,.....	27,798	"
Eggs,	4,264	Dozens.
Fowls,	146½	Pairs.
Rabbits and Hares,.....	236	"
Potatoes,	58½	Tons.
Oatmeal,.....	447½	Bolls.
Sweet and Skim Milk,.....	15,669	Gallons.
Butter-Milk,.....	10,656	"
Spirits, including Laboratory,.....	161⅓	"
Beer,	1,170	Firkins.
Porter and Ale,.....	640⅔	Doz. Pints.
Wine,.....	83⅓	" Quarts.
Soap and Soda,.....	16,960	Lbs.
Candles,.....	46	Stones.
Coals, Dross, and Coke,.....	1,307	Waggons.
Gas,	1,453,800	Cubic Feet.

JOHN CALDWELL, *Steward.*

PRODUCE OF FARM—1865.

108 $\frac{1}{4}$	Bolls	Wheat sold,	.	.	.	.	.	.	£89	9	3
14	Tons	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cwt.	Yellow Turnips sold,	.	.	.	.	.	9	1	8
33 $\frac{1}{6}$	Bolls	Oats, Thrashed for Horses,	.	.	.	.	.	.	33	3	4
6 $\frac{3}{4}$	"	Beans	"	"	.	.	.	.	6	15	0
2	"	Wheat used for	"	.	.	.	.	.	1	12	0
85	"	Oats supposed estimate in 7 Stacks,	.	.	.	.	.	.	85	0	0
13	"	Beans	"	"	"	1 Stack,	.	.	13	0	0
7	"	Barley	"	"	"	1 "	.	.	7	0	0
1200	Stones	of Wheat Straw,	.	.	.	.	.	.	30	0	0
1371	"	New Hay,	.	.	.	.	.	.	48	11	1
	Second Cut	of Clover, used at Home for Horses,	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	0	0
22	Tons	11 $\frac{1}{4}$ Cwt.	Swedish Turnips for Home consumpt,	.	.	.	.	.	16	18	5
4143	Stones	Potatoes, used at Home,	.	.	.	.	.	.	78	8	3
1345	"	"	on hand, yet to be used,	.	.	.	.	.	22	8	4
3	Tons	Yellow Turnips on hand,	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	10	0
	For Wheat damaged by brick works north and west,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	2	0
									£453	19	4
	Credit given for money saved by the Farm for work }								56	12	6
	done by Horses to Houses and Roads, &c. . }										
									£510	11	10

PRODUCE OF GARDEN—1865.

VEGETABLES.

VEGETABLES.			
1,467	Doz. German Greens.	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	Gals. French Beans.
1,281 $\frac{2}{3}$	" Turnips in summer.	67 $\frac{5}{8}$	" Cresses.
1,164	" Early & Late Cabbages.	112 $\frac{9}{14}$	Stones Potatoes.
1,841 $\frac{1}{2}$	" Leeks.	338 $\frac{4}{7}$	" Rhubarb.
567 $\frac{1}{2}$	" Savoy.	9 $\frac{5}{14}$	" Parsnips.
2,159 $\frac{1}{4}$	" Onions in summer; and	0 $\frac{6}{7}$	" Artichokes.
74 $\frac{3}{7}$	Stones " in winter.	234 $\frac{3}{4}$	Pecks Peas.
70 $\frac{1}{4}$	" Carrots in winter;	69 $\frac{1}{2}$	" Beans.
	and		
367 $\frac{1}{3}$	Doz. Carrots in summer.	FRUITS.	
322	" Cauliflower & Brocoli.	1,084 $\frac{3}{4}$	Scotch Pints Gooseberries.
66 $\frac{5}{12}$	" Celery.	301 $\frac{3}{4}$	" Strawberries.
35 $\frac{1}{2}$	" Red Beet-Root.	63 $\frac{3}{4}$	" Raspberries.
19	" " Cabbages.	132	" Red Currants.
1,865 $\frac{1}{2}$	" Radishes.	64 $\frac{1}{4}$	" Black "
288 $\frac{2}{3}$	" Lettuces.	2 $\frac{1}{4}$	" White "
268	Gals. Spinage.	2,487	Lbs. Apples.
535 $\frac{3}{4}$	" Parsley.	49	" Pears.
16	" Brussels Sprouts.	Horse Radish, Sweet Herbs, and	
		Cut Flowers, in season.	
Total, at Bazaar Prices,		£387 5 6	

PRODUCE OF PIGGERIES—1865.

Pigs sold to Fleshers and others,	£301 18 1
TOTAL VALUE OF FARM, GARDEN, and PIGGERIES, .	£1,199 15 5
COST OF WORKING " " " .	519 11 6
Balance in favour,	£680 3 11
Total Cash from Sales made during the year, . . .	£409 2 11

CROPS DISPOSED OF DURING 1865.

	HAY.	OATS.		BEANS.		BARLEY.		WHEAT.	
	<i>Stones.</i>	<i>Bolls.</i>	$\frac{1}{6}$	<i>Bolls.</i>	$\frac{1}{4}$	<i>Bolls.</i>	$\frac{1}{6}$	<i>Bolls.</i>	$\frac{1}{4}$
Sown on Farm, . . . . .	..	10	4	2	..	..	4	6	..
Supply for Farm Horses,	530	32	4	3	..	4	2	..	3
" " Carriage "	741	44	5	7	..	4	3	..	3
Sold, . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	108	1
Made into Meal for the } Store, } . . . . .	..	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
On hand 19th Dec.	900	8	..	2	2	..	..	..	2
	2,171	136	1	14	2	9	3	116	1

CROPS ON HAND, 19TH DECEMBER, 1864, AND
CROPS OF 1865.

	HAY.	OATS.		BEANS.		BARLEY.		WHEAT.	
	<i>Stones.</i>	<i>Bolls.</i>	$\frac{1}{6}$	<i>Bolls.</i>	$\frac{1}{4}$	<i>Bolls.</i>	$\frac{1}{6}$	<i>Bolls.</i>	$\frac{1}{4}$
On hand 19th Dec. 1864,	600	18	1	..	1	8	5	..	..
Thrashed out crop of 1864 . . . . .	..	84	5	5	2	..	..	..	..
" " " 1865	1,371	33	1	6	3	..	..	110	1
Bought in,	200	..	..	2	..	..	4	6	..
	2,171	136	1	14	2	9	3	116	1

18 Tons of Swedish Turnips on hand, 19th Dec. 1864—Sold 6 Tons 15 Cwt.; and used at home for the House and Horses, 11 $\frac{1}{4}$ Tons.

Oats, estimated to be 84 Bolls, turned out 84 $\frac{5}{8}$ Bolls. Beans, estimated to be 8 Bolls, turned out 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ Bolls.

GROUND DEVOTED TO EACH CROP ON THE FARM.

6½	Imperial Acres	Hay and Grass,	} Total, 34 Imperial Acres.
10½	"	" Oats,	.	.	.	.	.
7	"	" Wheat,	.	.	.	.	.
2	"	" Beans,	.	.	.	.	.
1	"	" Barley,	.	.	.	.	.
7	"	" Potatoes and Turnips,	.	.	.	.	.

Total Inventory of GARDENER'S DEPARTMENT, . . . £844 15 5

JAMES DUTHIE,
Overseer.

WORK DONE IN UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT
IN 1865.

Straw Mattresses made,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	173
Hair " re-made,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	113
" Bolsters "	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	149
Feather Pillows "	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	38
Loose Cases for Pillows made,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	80
Hassocks made,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	13
Sofa and Chair Cushions made,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5
Chair and Cushion Slips "	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	48
Table Covers "	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8
Window Blinds "	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	44
Carpets and Crumcloths "	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	12
Bedrests stuffed,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7
Pads made,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5
Carpets repaired,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	22
Chair and Cushion Slips repaired,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	68
Table Covers repaired,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	12
Sets Curtains "	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5
Chairs covered,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6
Sets Curtains re-made,	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6

ACCOUNT OF ARTICLES MADE, &c.

IN THE FEMALE DIVISION OF THE WEST HOUSE IN 1865.

Dresses made, 63	Men's Mufflers hemmed, . 354
Jackets " 14	Bonnets trimmed, . . . 6
Paletots " 4	Ladies' Handkerchiefs hem'd, 60
Child's Dress made, . . . 1	Sheets hemmed, 150
Dress Caps " 7	Bed Coverlets hemmed, . 15
Head Dresses " 9	Table Cloths " 13
Petticoats " 41	Tray " " 14
" tucked and made, . 5	Table Napkins " . . . 10
Long Night Dresses made, . 24	Towels " 72
Short " " 26	Pairs Stockings knitted, . 30
Night Caps made, 18	Sofa Blankets " and sewed, 5
Chemises " 54	Opera Hoods " 13
Pairs Drawers made, . . . 15	Pairs Gauntlets " . . . 6
Semets " 26	Woollen Cravats " . . . 16
Slip Bodies " 13	Large Tidies " 14
Habit Shirts " 5	Small " " 15
Aprons " 13	Collarets in Berlin Wool, . 20
Sun Shades " 5	Doylies in Wool, 18
Crinolines " 5	" knitted in Thread, . 48
Window Blinds " 12	Ornamental Work Cases, . 6
" Screens " 18	Collars sewed, 4
Bed Vallances " 18	Pairs Cuffs sewed, 3
Pillow Cases " 8	Length of Trimming sewed, yds. 9
Men's Semets " 290	Tidies netted and darned, . 5
" Handkerchiefs hemmed, 431	Cases embroidered, . . . 3

All the Underclothing and Bed and Table Linen belonging to the Ladies' Division, repaired weekly as required.

ACCOUNT OF ARTICLES MADE, &c.

IN THE FEMALE DIVISION OF EAST HOUSE IN 1865.

Gowns made,	105
Petticoats "	222
Cotton Shifts made,	61
Flannel " "	6
Women's Semets made,	137
" Caps "	168
Dress " "	6
Aprons "	136
Pinafores "	113
Polka Jackets "	12
Sun Bonnets "	56
Printed Short Gowns made,	28
Short Night " "	50
Long " "	8
Females' Drawers "	8
" " knitted,	2
Pairs Gloves "	3
Bags for Comb and Brush made,	14
Quilted Canvas Bed Covers "	54
Bolsters Slips "	231
Muslin Veils, for Infirmary, "	13
Pairs Men's Plaiding Drawers "	374
Men's Striped Shirts "	406
Pairs Stockings knitted,	428
" " refooted,	192
Silk Handkerchiefs marked,	14
Sheets hemmed,	340
Counterpanes hemmed,	35
Carpet Bed Covers hemmed,	61
Pairs Blankets "	192
Table Cloths "	76
New and Old Towels "	482
Handkerchiefs "	156
Woollen Rags teased,	lbs. 200
Work Basket embroidered,	1
Pair Slippers sewed,	1
Large Toilet Cover, fancy, sewed,	1
Ladies' Hoods knitted,	2
Caps sewed,	2
Collars "	1
Caps crotched,	5
Collars "	2
Tidies "	7
Toilets "	3
Wine Rubbers crotched,	12

The Underclothing and Bedding, &c., of the Male Division of West House, and the Male and Female Divisions of East House, is all repaired by the East House Patients.

PATIENTS ARE ADMITTED

ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS.

EAST HOUSE.

BOARD OF PATIENTS FROM PRIVILEGED PARISHES, 8/7 PER WEEK.

FIRST RATES FOR OTHER PATIENTS, 9/10, 10/6, 10/10, & 11/ "

SECOND RATE " " 15/ "

WEST HOUSE.

THIRD RATE OF BOARD,	.	.	.	£1	1	0	PER WEEK.
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FOURTH " "	.	.	.	1	11	6	"
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FIFTH " "	.	.	.	2	2	0	"
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SIXTH " "	.	.	.	3	3	0	"
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SEVENTH " "	.	.	.	4	4	0	"
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EIGHTH " "	.	.	.	6	6	0	"
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A Fee, on admission, is paid to the Institution by each Patient at the Second rate of Board and upwards. Should the Patient remain a year or longer, the Fee is charged on the expiry of the year, and that of each succeeding year of the Patient's residence in the Asylum.

THE TWO FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS

ARE IN EVERY CASE INDISPENSABLE.

I. Order from the Sheriff, in terms of the Statute 20 and 21 Vic. cap. 71, which will be granted on the presentation of Certificates of Lunacy, by two Medical Practitioners, together with a Petition and Statement by a Relative or Guardian of the Patient. Patients can also be admitted on a Certificate of Emergency, but for three days only.

II. Written Obligation for Payment of Board, as well as for due observance of the Rules of the Institution, from one or two responsible persons resident in Glasgow; or, in the case of Parish Paupers, from an Inspector of Poor.

Forms of these documents will be furnished by the Physician, Dr. MACKINTOSH, Royal Lunatic Asylum, Gartnavel; or by the Secretary and Treasurer, MOSES PROVAN, Esq., C. A., 110 West George-Street, Glasgow.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

1. The first Quarter's Board shall be paid previous to admission, and thereafter at the beginning of the regular quarterly terms of 1st January, 1st April, 1st July, and 1st October.

2. No part of the Board, *for the first Quarter*, of Patients at and above the rate of Fifteen Shillings per week, shall be returned, except in the event of death before the expiry of that period, in which case the Directors may allow a return of such proportion as they consider reasonable.

3. When any Patient is dismissed or dies during the currency of *any succeeding Quarter*, the Weekly Committee shall have power to determine, on an application being made to them for that purpose, whether any or what portion of the Board advanced shall be refunded.

4. Patients have no claim for remuneration for their labour.

5. Every Patient must be provided with proper Apparel. An accurate List of every Article brought with the Patient must, on admission, be delivered to the Steward or principal Attendant, or to the Superintendent of Ladies and Matron, according to the House in which the Patient is placed; and the Name must be fully marked on each article. If any necessary part of Dress should not be duly supplied, after eight days' intimation has been given that it is wanted, it will be furnished by the House, and the cost of it charged against the Patient.

On applying to the Physician, the Patient will be carefully and expeditiously conveyed to the Asylum, the necessary expenses being paid to the Steward by the Applicant.

Patients in the WEST HOUSE may be visited every *lawful day* between 10 and 12 o'clock; those in the EAST HOUSE, who are not Paupers, on Mondays, between the same Hours; and Patients who are Paupers, on Saturdays, also from 10 till 12 o'clock. Only those who are duly authorised can be permitted to visit Patients.

LIST OF PARISHES,

Which, by Contributing the requisite Sum, in proportion to their Population, have acquired the privilege of recommending their Insane Poor for admission into the Asylum, on the same terms with those of the City of Glasgow.

AYR.
BALDERNOCK.
BARONY OF GLASGOW.
BONHILL.
CAMPBELTON.
CARMUNNOCK.
CATHCART.
CUMBERNAULD.
GALSTON (ONE PATIENT).
GREENOCK.
HOUSTON AND KILALLAN.
KILSYTH.

KIPPEN.
LANARK.
LARBERT AND DUNIPACE.
LESMAHAGOW.
LOGIE.
LOUDOUN (ONE PATIENT).
MONKTON AND PRESTWICK.
NEILSTON.
NEW-MONKLAND.
PORT-GLASGOW.
RENFREW.
ROTHESAY.